

# CompSci 516

# Data Intensive Computing Systems

## Lecture 18

## Transactions – Recovery (ARIES)

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# Announcements

- HW4 has been posted on Sakai
  - Due Date: **Wednesday, April 6, 11:55 pm**
  - Spark on AWS
  - Transactions (Q/A)
  - **Do not forget to shut down AWS when you are not working**

# Reading Material

- Main reading

“Concurrency Control and Recovery”

Michael Franklin, 1997

- Chapters 2.2, 3.2
- A very good read for other topics on transactions as well
- pdf on the website

- [RG]

- Chapter 18.1-18.6

Acknowledgement: Slides by Prof. Magda Balazinska were consulted to prepare some of these slides.

# Last Lecture

- UNDO
- REDO
- UNDO/REDO
- Checkpointing
- Recovery
  
- The main concepts of these logs were discussed

# Today

- Last topic in recovery
- Physical/Logical/Physiological Logging
- ARIES protocol by IBM
  - An efficient implementation of UNDO/REDO log
  - Including the data structures that are used for the recovery

# Recall: (No) Force / (No) Steal

- **Force** every write to disk?
  - Poor response time.
  - But provides durability
  - **No-force**: some committed data value may be lost – need REDO
- **Steal** buffer-pool frames from uncommitted transactions?
  - and allow their updates to overwrite updates by committed transactions on disk?
  - **No-steal** provides atomicity
  - But, poor throughput.
  - **Steal**: if a transaction is rolled back, need to **undo** their updates and restore values back to their committed state

	No Steal	Steal
Force	Trivial	
No Force		Desired

# Log: old/new concepts

- Each entry in the log is called a **log record**
  - e.g. recall  $\langle T, X, u, v \rangle$  from Lecture 17 for undo/redo log
- When a log record is created, it is assigned a unique **Log Sequence Number (LSN)**
  - typically, monotonically increasing to provide relative position in the log
- **Update to a data item in buffer:**
  - a log record is created
  - Many systems write the LSN of this log record into the page containing the data item
    - relates the state of a data page to logged updates
- **How do these log records look in practice?**

# WAL for UNDO/REDO log

- Write Ahead Log (WAL)
  - from Lecture 17
- All log records for an update are first written to disk before the update (the modified page) is written to disk
- A transaction is not considered committed, until all its log record + COMMIT record are on disk
- Allows STEAL + NO FORCE (good!)



# Physical Logging

- Physical log records indicate location of modified data in the database
  - e.g. position on a particular page
  - if a new tuple is inserted in a relation, log records may contain changes for
    - space allocation
    - index updates
    - reorganization etc.

# Logical Logging

- Logical log records indicate high level info about operations performed
  - if a new tuple is inserted in a relation, log records may indicate
    - the insertion has taken place
    - value of the inserted tuple

# Physical vs. Logical Logging

## Logical logging

- **Advantages**

- Minimizes the amount of data that must be written to the log
- Hides many implementation details and complex operations under UNDO/REDO logic

- **Disadvantages**

- Difficult to implement, as logging operations may not be atomic

# Physiological Logging

- Log records are constrained to refer to a single page
  - but may reflect logical operations on that page
- e.g. for insert on a page,
  - specify the value of the tuple that is inserted
  - do not specify any free-space manipulation
- Tradeoff between physical and logical
  - atomic like physical and less logging records like logical

# ARIES protocol

- A detailed but simple implementation details of logging protocol
  - Developed in IBM, but now used in many DBMS

# ARIES : Main Ideas

- Write Ahead Logging (WAL)
- Physiological Logging
  - Page-oriented REDO
    - REDO operations involve pages
    - the affected page is specified in the log record
  - Logical UNDO
    - operations performed to undo an update do not need to be the exact inverses of the operations of the original update
    - e.g. if T1 updates an index entry in page P1, later P1 is split (dynamic hashing!) and entry is moved to P2, we do not want to want to do UNDO operation on P1, but on the new location P2

Next – in detail

# ARIES Data Structures

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	transID	pageID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	Status

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> A = ... B = ... PageLSN= -		<b>P600</b> B = ... PageLSN= -
	<b>P505</b> C = ... PageLSN= -	

# ARIES Data Structures: Page

- Buffer pool contains multiple page
- Each page contains a **pageLSN** = the LSN of the log record for the latest update to the page
  - used during recovery to determine whether or not an update for a page has to be UNDOne
  - also determines the point in the log from which the REDO pass must commence during recovery

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> A = ... B = ... PageLSN= -		<b>P600</b> B = ... PageLSN= -
	<b>P505</b> C = ... PageLSN= -	



# ARIES Data Structures:

## Transaction Table

- Contains status information about each transaction that is currently running
- **transID** (later **tID**)
  - unique transaction ID
- **lastLSN** for each transaction
  - LSN of the most recent log record written by the transaction
- **Status**
  - Running/Committed/Aborted/...
  - Unknown (while recovery)

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	Status

# ARIES Data Structures:

## Dirty Page Table

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN

- Contains an entry for each dirty page
- dirty page = contains an update that is not written to disk yet
- **recoveryLSN**
  - LSN of the earliest log record that might need to be REDOed for the page during restart
- Recall: we care about dirty pages in memory only for REDO, not for UNDO

# ARIES Data Structures: Log

- **LSN**
  - unique id of log in increasing sequence
- **transID (later tID)**
  - Id of the transaction making the changes
- **pageID (later pID)**
  - which page is being modified
- **Log entry**
  - actual changes
  - e.g. WRITE A : “ab” -> “cd”

## Log

LSN

prevLSN	transID	pageID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN

later



- **Note: ARIES is UNDO/REDO**
  - maintains both previous and new value
  - i.e. everything in  $\langle T, A, u, v \rangle$  is being maintained

# ARIES Data Structures: Log

## prevLSN

- Log records belonging to the same transaction are linked backwards in time using a field in each log record
- when a new log record is written
  - the value of the lastLSN field from the Transaction table is written as prevLSN
  - new record's LSN is entered as lastLSN in the Transaction table

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	transID	pageID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	Status

# ARIES Data Structures: Log

## Type

- Update
  - e.g.  
WRITE A : “ab” -> “cd”
- Commit
- Abort
- END
- CLR
  
- Details later

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	transID	pageID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN

# Checkpointing in ARIES

- Checkpoints are periodically taken
- ARIES uses a form of fuzzy checkpoint that is extremely inexpensive
- When a checkpoint is taken
  - a checkpoint record is constructed
  - includes the contents of the Transaction Table and Dirty Page Table
- Checkpoints are efficient
  - no operation is quiesced (stalled)
  - no database pages are flushed to disk from memory
- But the log that has to be maintained is not much reduced
  - limited in part by the earliest recovery LSN of the dirty pages at the checkpointing time
  - writing dirty pages periodically to disk might help

# Running Example: Maintaining Data Structures

# Example actions

Example.

1.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **A** from “abc” to “def” on page P500
2.  $T_{2000}$  changes the value of **B** from “hij” to “klm” on page P600
3.  $T_{2000}$  changes the value of **D** from “mnp” to “qrs” on page P500
4.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **C** from “tuv” to “wxy” on page P505
5.  $T_{2000}$  commits and the **END** log record is written
6.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **E** from “pq” to “rs” on page P700
7. **P600** is flushed to disk
8. **Crash!!**

Example is adapted from [RG]



# ARIES Data Structures

Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN

LSN  
101

Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN

Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status

initial configuration

Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# First operation:

1.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **A** from “abc” to “def” on **page P500?**

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN

LSN  
101

## Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# Changes

1.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **A** from “abc” to “def” on page P500

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101

LSN  
101

## Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
-	T1000	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	101	Running

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> <b>PageLSN= 101</b> <b>A = def</b> D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Next:

2. T<sub>2000</sub> changes the value of B from “hij” to “klm” on page P600 ?

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101

LSN  
101

### Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
-	T1000	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T <sub>1000</sub>	101	Running

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> <b>PageLSN= 101</b>  <b>A = def</b> D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= -  B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= -  C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= -  E = pq

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= -  A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= -  B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= -  C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= -  E = pq

# Changes:

2.  $T_{2000}$  changes the value of **B** from “hij” to “klm” on page P600 ?

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
<b>P600</b>	<b>102</b>

LSN  
101  
102

## Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
-	T1000	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	101	Running
$T_{2000}$	<b>102</b>	<b>Running</b>

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 101  A = def D = mnp	<b>P600</b> <b>PageLSN= 102</b>  B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= -  C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= -  E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= -  A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= -  B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= -  C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= -  E = pq

Next:

3.  $T_{2000}$  changes the value of **D** from “mnp” to “qrs” on page P500?

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
<b>P600</b>	<b>102</b>

LSN  
101  
102

### Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
-	T1000	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	101	Running
$T_{2000}$	<b>102</b>	<b>Running</b>

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 101 A = def D = mnp	<b>P600</b> <b>PageLSN= 102</b> B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# Changes:

3.  $T_{2000}$  changes the value of **D** from “mnp” to “qrs” on page P500

## Dirty page table

pageID	recover LSN	LSN
P500	101	101
P600	102	102
		103

Unchanged

## Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
-	T1000	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-
102	$T_{2000}$	P500	Write D “mnp” -> “qrs”	Update	-

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	101	Running
$T_{2000}$	103	Running

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> <b>PageLSN= 103</b> A = def <b>D = qrs</b>	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Next:

4.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **C** from “tuv” to “wxy” on page P505?

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102

LSN  
101  
102  
103

### Log

prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
-	T <sub>1000</sub>	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-
102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D “mnp” -> “qrs”	Update	-

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T <sub>1000</sub>	101	Running
T <sub>2000</sub>	103	Running

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> <b>PageLSN= 103</b>  A = def <b>D = qrs</b>	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102  B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= -  A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= -  B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq



# Changes:

4.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **C** from “tuv” to “wxy” on page P505?

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
<b>P505</b>	<b>104</b>

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
<b>T<sub>1000</sub></b>	<b>104</b>	<b>Running</b>
T <sub>2000</sub>	103	Running

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T <sub>1000</sub>	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D “mnp” -> “qrs”	Update	-
104	<b>101</b>	<b>T<sub>1000</sub></b>	<b>P505</b>	<b>Write C</b> <b>“tuv” -&gt; “wxy”</b>	Update	-

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> <b>PageLSN= 104</b> C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Next:

5. T<sub>2000</sub> commits and the end log record is written

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
<b>P505</b>	<b>104</b>

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
<b>T<sub>1000</sub></b>	<b>104</b>	<b>Running</b>
T <sub>2000</sub>	103	Running

### Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T <sub>1000</sub>	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	<b>101</b>	<b>T<sub>1000</sub></b>	<b>P505</b>	<b>Write C</b> <b>"tuv" -&gt; "wxy"</b>	Update	-

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> <b>PageLSN= 104</b> C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# Changes:

5.  $T_{2000}$  commits and the end log record is written --- step 1

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	104	Running
$T_{2000}$	106	Committed

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	$T_{1000}$	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	$T_{2000}$	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	$T_{1000}$	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	$T_{2000}$			Commit	
106	105	$T_{2000}$			End	

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# Changes:

5.  $T_{2000}$  commits and the end log record is written --- step 2

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	101	T2000	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T2000	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	103	T1000	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	104	T2000			Commit	
106	105	T2000			End	

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

T2000 removed from transaction table

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T <sub>1000</sub>	104	Running
<del>T<sub>2000</sub></del>	<del>103</del>	<del>Committed</del>

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# Changes:

Pink = On disk

White = In memory

5.  $T_{2000}$  commits and the end log record is written --- step 3

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

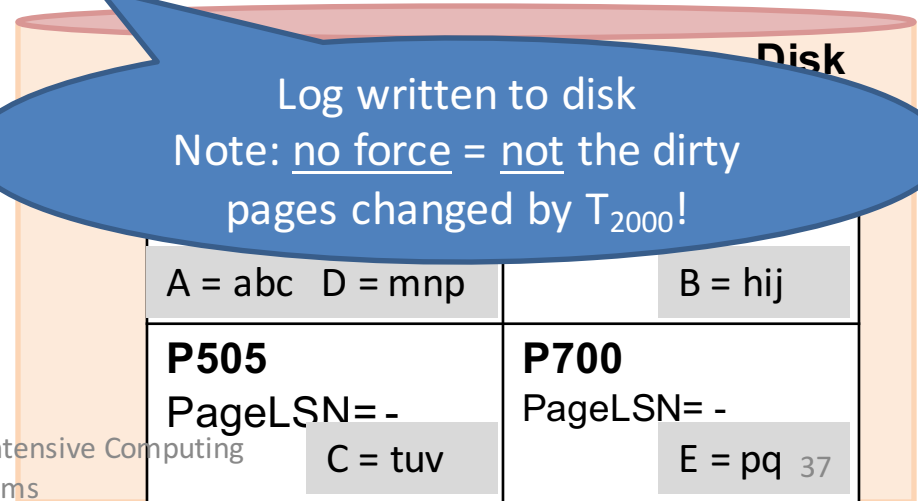
### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	104	Running
$T_{2000}$	103	Committed

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	$T_{1000}$	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	$T_{2000}$	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	$T_{1000}$	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	$T_{2000}$			Commit	
106	105	$T_{2000}$			End	

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq



- Whenever a transaction commits, log is flushed to the disk:  
i.e the “log-tail” (whatever is not on disk)  
is written to disk

The dirty pages are not needed to be flushed to disk (NO-FORCE)

**NOTE:**

1. The “Commit” record is **required** to be flushed (i.e. all logs up to and including that commit record)
2. The “End” record is **not required** to be flushed, in this case we are only assuming that it has been flushed as well  
(so that we have a good example while doing recovery)

# Log Record “Types”

- **Update:** standard
- **Commit:** log-tail forced-written to disk, up to & including commit (note that still no-force, the actual modified pages may not be written, and much smaller cost)
- **Abort:** abort type log record is written + undo is initiated for this transaction
- **End:** when a transaction is aborted or committed, some additional actions are, after that an end record is written
- **CLR: (later)**  
Undoing updates (during abort or recovery from crash),  
for every update record undone, write a CLR (Compensation Log Record)

Next:

6.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of **E** from “pq” to “rs” on page P700

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	104	Running

### Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	$T_{1000}$	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
102	-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-
103	102	$T_{2000}$	P500	Write D “mnp” -> “qrs”	Update	-
104	101	$T_{1000}$	P505	Write C “tuv” -> “wxy”	Update	-
105	103	$T_{2000}$			Commit	
106	105	$T_{2000}$			End	

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq



# Changes:

6.  $T_{1000}$  changes the value of E from “pq” to “rs” on page P700

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104
<b>P700</b>	<b>107</b>

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
$T_{1000}$	107	Running

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	$T_{1000}$	P500	Write A “abc” -> “def”	Update	-
102	-	$T_{2000}$	P600	Write B “hij” -> “klm”	Update	-
103	102	$T_{2000}$	P500	Write D “mnp” -> “qrs”	Update	-
104	101	$T_{1000}$	P505	Write C “tuv” -> “wxy”	Update	-
105	103	$T_{2000}$			Commit	
106	105	$T_{2000}$			End	
107	104	$T_{1000}$	P700	Write E “pq” -> “rs”	Update	-

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= <b>107</b> E = <b>rs</b>

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Next:

# 7. Page P600 is flushed to disk Log

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104
<b>P700</b>	<b>107</b>

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
<b>T<sub>1000</sub></b>	<b>107</b>	<b>Running</b>

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T <sub>1000</sub>	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107	104	T <sub>1000</sub>	P700	Write E "pq" -> "rs"	Update	-

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> <b>PageLSN= 107</b> <b>E = rs</b>

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= - B = hij
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Next:

# 7. Page P600 is flushed to disk

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
<del>P600</del>	<del>102</del>
P505	104
P700	107

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107	104	T <sub>1000</sub>	P700	Write E "pq" -> "rs"	Update	-

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T <sub>1000</sub>	107	Running

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= 107 E = rs

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> <b>PageLSN= 102</b> <b>B = klm</b>
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq



Next:

## 7. Page P600 is flushed to disk (after)

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P505	104
P700	107

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T <sub>1000</sub>	107	Running

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T <sub>1000</sub>	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107	104	T <sub>1000</sub>	P700	Write E "pq" -> "rs"	Update	-

### Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= 107 E = rs

### Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> <b>PageLSN= 102</b> <b>B = klm</b>
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

## “Flush page P600 to disk”

1. Write current content of P600 to disk (along with pageLSN)
2. Remove from Dirty Page table

### **NOTE: Write Ahead Log**

1. All LSNs changing that page must be written to disk
2. In this case it is okay, since the last (not flushed) log record involves P700 while P600 is being flushed (LSN 102 is already on disk)
3. When a page is written, we need to ensure that all log records up to the lastLSN of the last transaction that ever wrote to that page are on disk

**Note: Log is always written to disk in order, i.e. we can never skip some log entries in between**



## 8. CRASH!!

# 8. Crash!! ---- These are gone from memory

Dirty page table

P505	
P700	106

Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
		g

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107						

Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def	
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 107 C = tuv	<b>E = rs</b>

Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

# Recovery in ARIES : Three Passes

- **Analysis Pass**
  - Processes the log forward from the most recent checkpoint
  - This pass determines info about dirty pages and active transactions that is used in the subsequent passes
- **REDO Pass**
  - Repeat history by processing the log forward
  - From the earliest record that could require REDO
- **UNDO Pass**
  - Proceed backward from the end of the log
  - Remove from the database the effects of all transactions that had not committed at the time of crash



# 1. Analysis Pass

# Analysis Pass

- It has a threefold job:
  1. Determines the point in the log at which to start the REDO pass
  2. Determines which pages could have been dirty at the time of the crash to avoid unnecessary I/O in the REDO pass
  3. Determines which transactions had not committed at the time of the crash and will therefore need to be UNDOne.

# Analysis Pass: Details

- Begin at the most recent checkpoint
- Reconstruct Dirty Page Table and Transaction Table
  - to determine the state of the system at the time of crash
- Scan forward to the end of the log
  - Contents of these two tables are modified according to the log records encountered in the forward scan

# Analysis Pass: More Details

- When a log record for a transaction that does not appear in the Transaction Table is encountered
  - that transaction is added to the transaction table
- When a COMMIT or ABORT is encountered
  - that transaction is removed from the transaction table
- When an UPDATE log record for a page not in the Dirty Page Table is encountered
  - that page is added to the dirty page table
  - LSN of the record is recorded as recoveryLSN for that page

# Analysis Pass: NOTE

- At the end of this pass,
  - the Dirty Page Table is conservative
  - Some pages may already have been flushed to disk
  - It lists all pages that “could have been” dirty at the time of crash
  - Transaction Table contains entries for transactions that would actually require UNDO
- **firstLSN:**
  - The earliest recoveryLSN of all the entries in the Dirty Page Table
  - Spot in the log from which to begin the REDO pass

# Running Example: Analysis Pass

# Checkpointing in the example

- This example has no checkpointing == Checkpointing at the beginning
- Analysis phase in the recovery starts with **empty Dirty Page table** and **empty Transaction Table**
  - If checkpoint was available, the latest copies of these tables have to be read from disk from the last checkpoint

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

Disk

### Buffer Pool


<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq

Will not show the buffer pool from the next slide



# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
<b>P500</b>	<b>101</b>

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
<b>T1000</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>U=</b> Unknown

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
<b>P600</b>	<b>102</b>

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	101	U
<b>T2000</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>U</b>

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= -	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102
A = abc D = mnp	B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=-	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=-
C = tuv	E = pq

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	101	U
<b>T2000</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>U</b>

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
<b>T1000</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>U</b>
T2000	103	U

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U
<b>T2000</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>C</b>

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

Write A or Abort if you see an Abort log instead

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U
<del>T2000</del>	<del>105</del>	<del>C</del>

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

Remove entry from Transaction Table if you see an End record (both for Aborted and Committed transactions)

# Analysis Pass

## Log

### Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

### Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

Already written to disk, but reappears (conservative construction of Dirty Page Table)

# Compare with Dirty Table and Transaction Table "right before Crash"

Lost update during crash, but write ahead log, so safe!

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P505	104
P700	107

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T <sub>1000</sub>	107	Running

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T <sub>1000</sub>	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107	104	T <sub>1000</sub>	P700	Write E "pq" -> "rs"	Update	-

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= 107 E = rs

## Disk

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN= 102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= - C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN= - E = pq



## 2. REDO Pass

# ARIES: REDO Pass

- REDO in ARIES = Repeating History
  - REDO updates for all transactions
    - committed as well as for transactions to be aborted in UNDO
  - at the end of REDO, the database would be in the same state w.r.t. logged updates at the time of crash

# When REDO is not needed

1. If the affected page is not in the Dirty Page Table
2. Otherwise, the page's recoveryLSN  $>$  LSN of the record being checked
3. Otherwise, the pageLSN  $\geq$  LSN of the record being checked
  - may need to load the page from disk

# ARIES: REDO Pass - details

- Work with the **Dirty Page Table**
- Find the smallest recoveryLSN in the dirty page table = **FirstLSN**
  - from the analysis phase
- Redo the “Update” (and “CLR” - later) actions, unless (in this order)
  - Affected page is **not** in the dirty page table
  - Or, **recoveryLSN > LSN being checked**
  - Or, **pageLSN >= LSN being checked**
- End/Commit/Abort LSNs are “skipped”

# Running Example: REDO Pass

# State After Analysis Pass

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

# REDO Pass: find firstLSN

Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104



Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

# REDO: Step 1

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= "-" to <b>101</b>	
<b>A = def</b> D = mnp	

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= -	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102
A = abc D = mnp	B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=-	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=-
C = tuv	E = pq

- Affected page is not in the dirty page table: **N**
- Else, recoveryLSN > LSN being checked: **N**
- Else, pageLSN >= LSN being checked: **N**
- **REDO**



# REDO: Step 2

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 101 A = def D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

- Affected page is not in the dirty page table: **N**
- Else, recoveryLSN > LSN being checked: **N**
- Else, pageLSN >= LSN being checked: **Y**
- **NO REDO = SKIPPED**

# REDO: Step 3

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

P500	P600
PageLSN= 101 to <b>103</b>	PageLSN=102
A = def <b>D = qrs</b>	B = klm

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

- Affected page is not in the dirty page table: **N**
- Else, recoveryLSN > LSN being checked: **N**
- Else, pageLSN >= LSN being checked: **N**
- **REDO**

## Disk

P500	P600
PageLSN= -	PageLSN=102
A = abc D = mnp	B = klm
P505	P700
PageLSN=-	PageLSN=-
C = tuv	E = pq

# REDO: Step 4

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN="-" to <b>104</b> C = wxy	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

- Affected page is not in the dirty page table: **N**
- Else, recoveryLSN > LSN being checked: **N**
- Else, pageLSN >= LSN being checked: **N**
- **REDO**

# 3. UNDO Pass

# ARIES : UNDO Pass

- Scan backward from the end of the log
- All transactions that have not committed at the time of the crash, should be undone
- UNDO is an unconditional operation on ARIES
  - i.e. the pageLSN s not checked because always the UNDO has to be done
  - Can do this because of the prior REDO phase – applied all logged updates to the page

# Compensation Log Record (CLR) and UndoNxtLSN

- CLR is added after an update is undone
  - so that no “Undo” action is undone
  - e.g. as the result of a system crash during an abort
- UndoNxtLSN
  - additional field for CLR
  - LSN of the next log record that must be undone for the transaction
  - set to the value of the prevLSN of the log record being undone

# Recall: ARIES Method Illustration

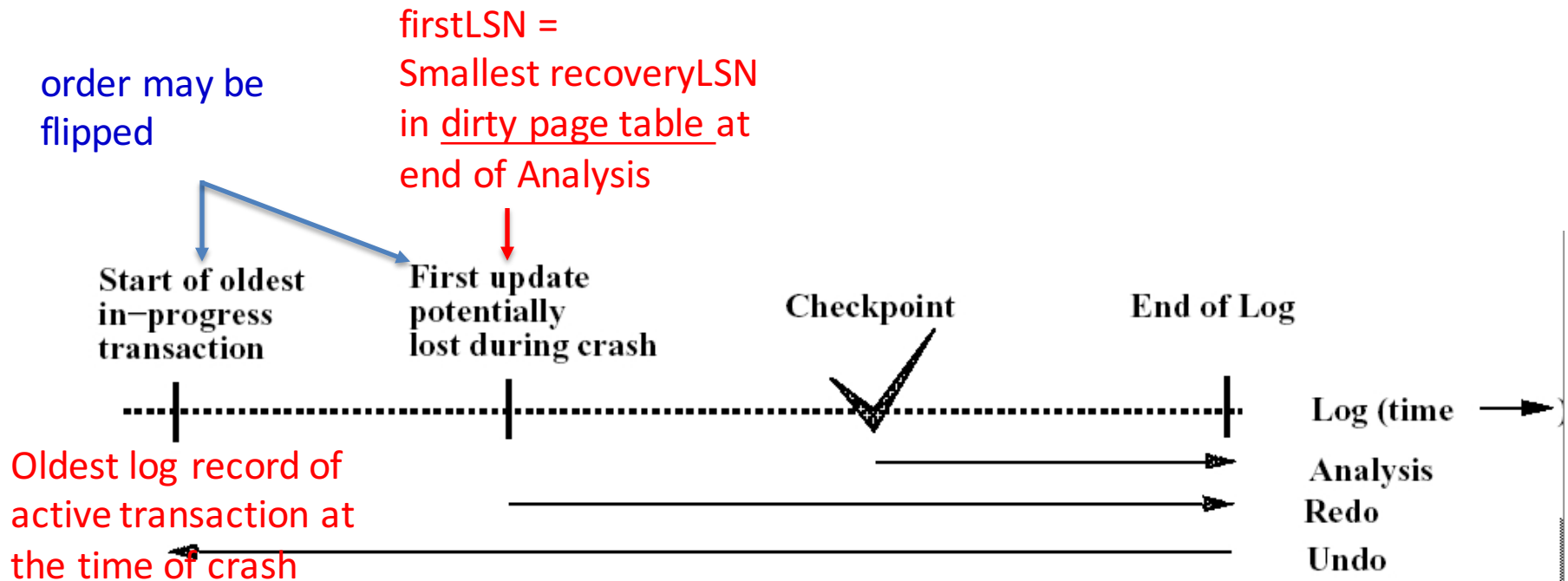


Figure 3: The Three Passes of ARIES Restart

i.e. start with lastLSN of U transactions in the Transaction Table and then trace back using the log

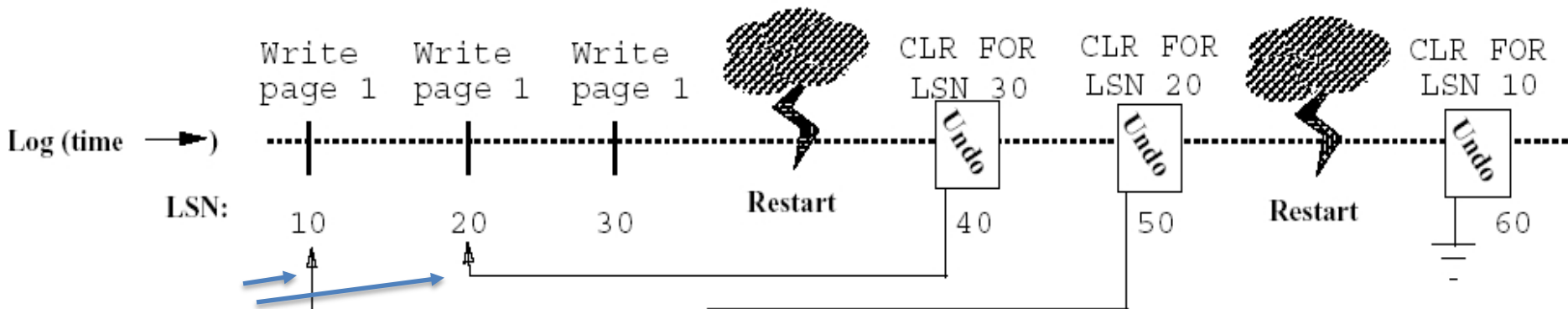
See the details in Franklin97-Transaction.pdf

# When a CLR is encountered during backward scan...

- No operation is performed on the page
  - backward scan continues to the log record pointed to by UndoNxtLSN
  - “jump over” undone update and all other updates for the transactions already undone



# Use of CLR in UNDO



UndoNxtLSN links

Figure 4: The Use of CLR for UNDO

See the details in Franklin97-Transaction.pdf (3.2.4)

If some CLR records are written to disk during an UNDO phase, then a crash happens (e.g. here LSN 40, 50 are written to disk before the second crash), then the next UNDO phase will skip undoing those CLR.

# Running Example: UNDO Pass

# UNDO Pass

- Efficient implementation:
- Maintain a set **ToUndo**
  - Initialize to lastLSNs of all “U” (unknown) transactions at Transaction Table
  - undo the “largest LSN” in ToUndo at each step (the latest one in bottom-up order)

# UNDO Pass

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 104 C = wxy	

ToUNDO = {104}

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

# UNDO Pass

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 107 C = tuv	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107		T <sub>1000</sub>		UndoT <sub>1000</sub> LSN104	CLR	101

- A CLR is written
- PageLSN = LSN (CLR)
- Value of C is undone

ToUNDO = {101}

# UNDO Pass

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 103 A = def D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 107 C =tuv	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C =tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107		T <sub>1000</sub>		UndoT <sub>1000</sub> LSN104	CLR	101

ToUNDO = {101}

# UNDO Pass

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 108 A = abc D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 107 C = tuv	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107		T <sub>1000</sub>		UndoT <sub>1000</sub> LSN104	CLR	101
108		T <sub>1000</sub>		UndoT <sub>1000</sub> LSN101	CLR	-

ToUNDO = {}

# UNDO Pass

## Dirty page table

pageID	recoveryLSN
P500	101
P600	102
P505	104

## Transaction table

transID	lastLSN	status
T1000	104	U

## Buffer Pool

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= 108 A = abc D = qrs	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN= 107 C = tuv	

<b>P500</b> PageLSN= - A = abc D = mnp	<b>P600</b> PageLSN=102 B = klm
<b>P505</b> PageLSN=- C = tuv	<b>P700</b> PageLSN=- E = pq

## Log

LSN	prevLSN	tID	pID	Log entry	Type	undoNextLSN
101	-	T1000	P500	Write A "abc" -> "def"	Update	-
102	-	T <sub>2000</sub>	P600	Write B "hij" -> "klm"	Update	-
103	102	T <sub>2000</sub>	P500	Write D "mnp" -> "qrs"	Update	-
104	101	T <sub>1000</sub>	P505	Write C "tuv" -> "wxy"	Update	-
105	103	T <sub>2000</sub>			Commit	
106	105	T <sub>2000</sub>			End	
107		T <sub>1000</sub>		UndoT <sub>1000</sub> LSN104	CLR	101
108		T <sub>1000</sub>		UndoT <sub>1000</sub> LSN101	CLR	-
109		T <sub>1000</sub>			End	-

Write an END record